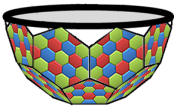
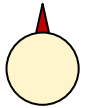
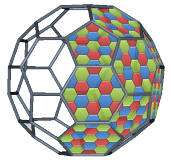
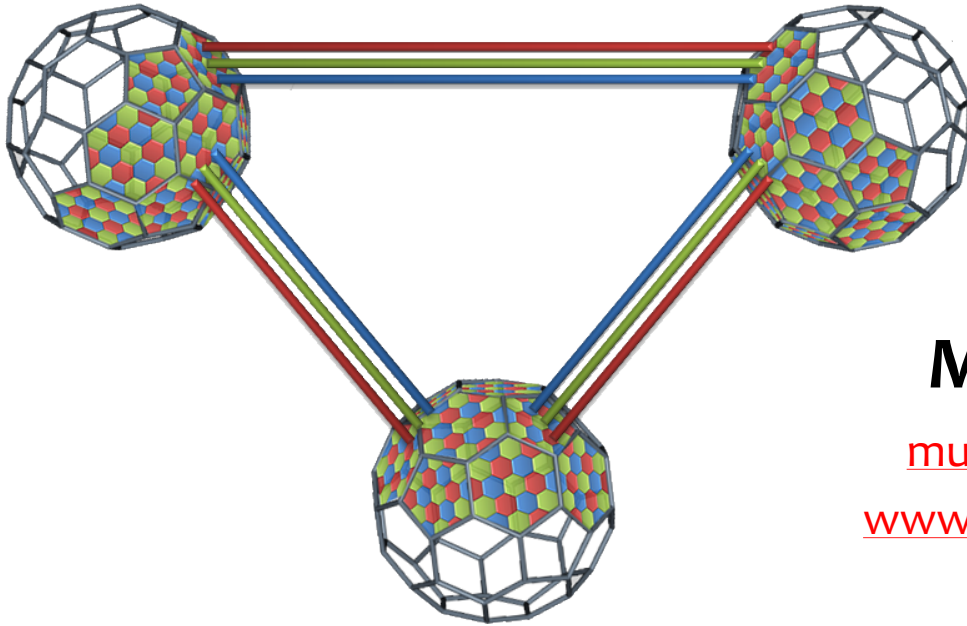


Multi-element Free-Space Optical Modules for Mobile Opportunistic Networking



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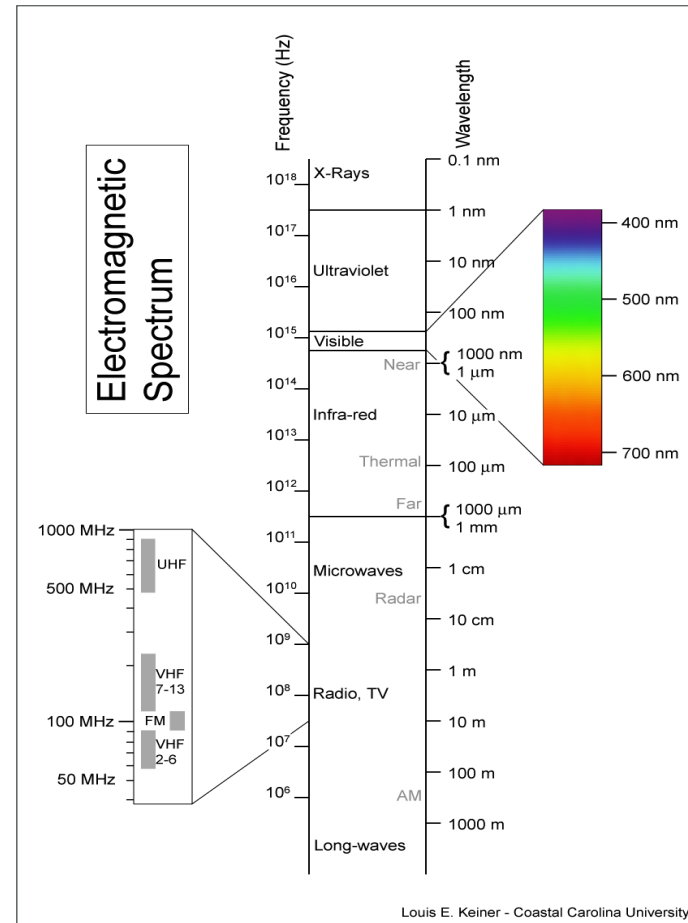
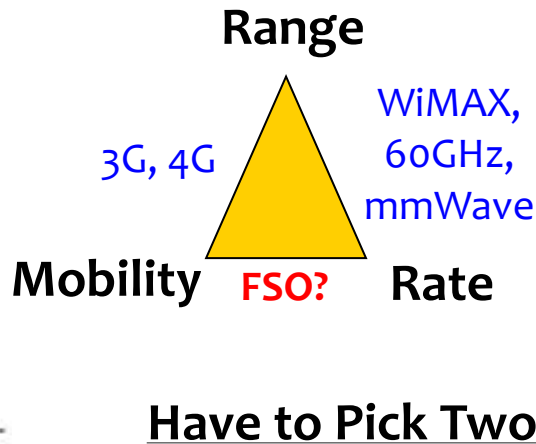
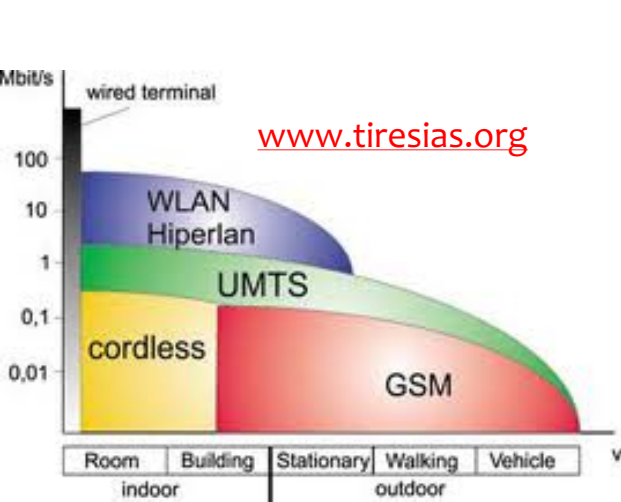
Networking and Wireless Systems Lab (NWSL)

server.cs.ucf.edu/nwsl

Electrical and Computer Engineering

University of Central Florida

Wireless Spectrum Tradeoffs: Rate/Mobility/Range



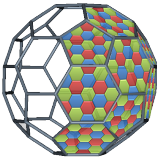
- Licensed/unlicensed bandwidth available at higher frequency EM spectrum
 - Higher *rate* even with modest spectral efficiency
 - High *spatial reuse* due to highly directional signal propagation
- But, these EM regions are poorly suited for
 - *range*: small wavelength is absorbed too easily
 - *mobility*: line-of-sight alignment

KEY INSIGHT

Give up on range goals, focus on *rate* instead!

HOW?

Develop low-cost designs for opportunistic (ad-hoc) use.
Handle mobility at higher layers with limited support from PHY/MAC.



FSO Modules: Spherical Designs

- How to handle mobility under LOS alignment requirement?

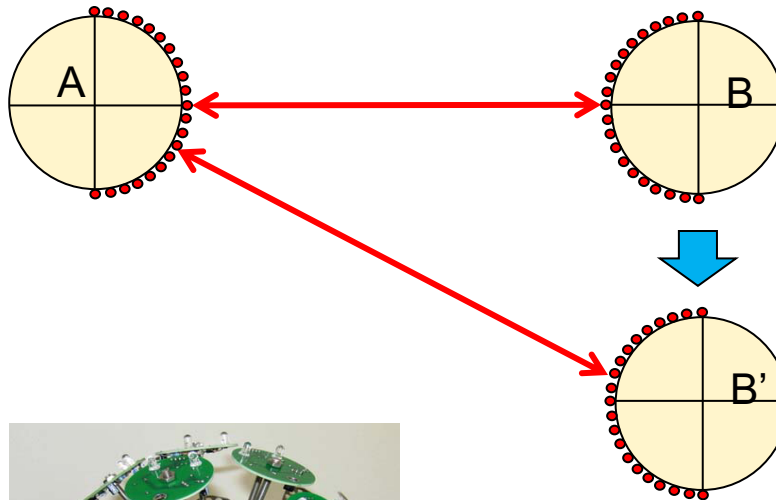
Mobile FSO =

Directionality + Angular Diversity

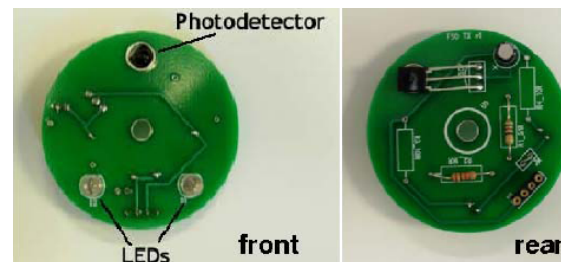
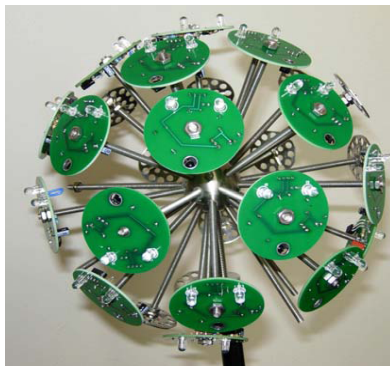
+ Electronic Steering

Multi-transceiver spherical FSO designs.

Need a distributed protocol for this!



↔ Bidirectional LOS



Ad Hoc Networks 2014
Ad Hoc Networks 2013

FSO Modules: Mechanical Steering

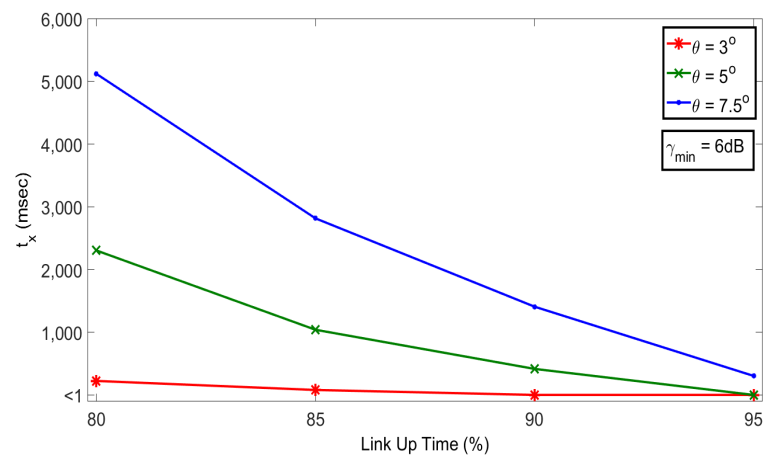
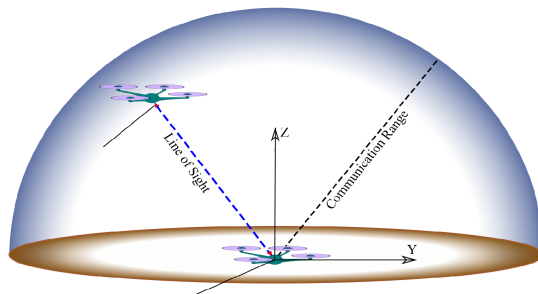
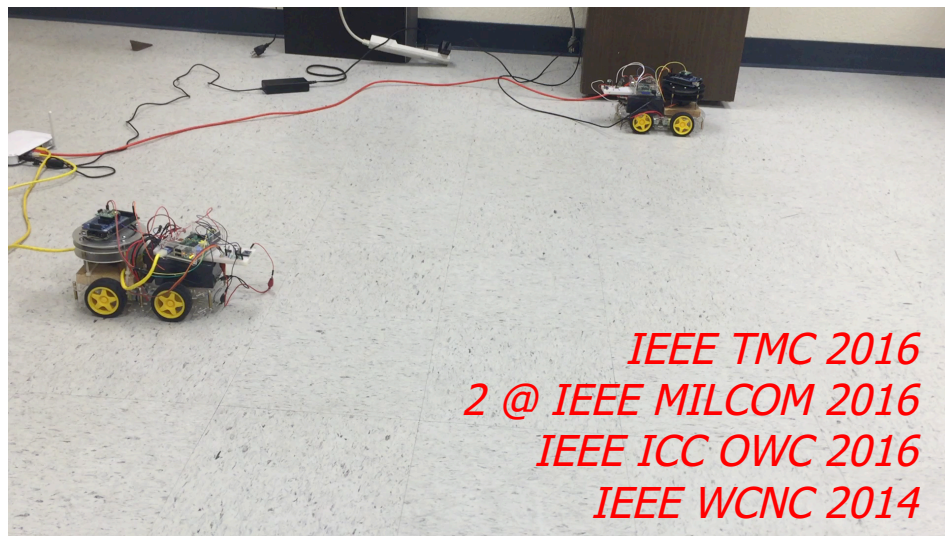


■ Assumptions:

- One transceiver on mechanically steerable head/arm
- Equipped with Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU)
- No radio or out-of-band channel
- No GPS

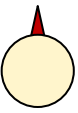
■ In-Band LOS Maintenance

- Use the link itself to exchange
<Direction, Speed, Head Orientation>
- Each node determines
 - Angular velocity of head
 - Direction of rotation
- 2D: PackBots, UGVs, ships
- 3D: UAVs, Google Balloons, FB solar drones

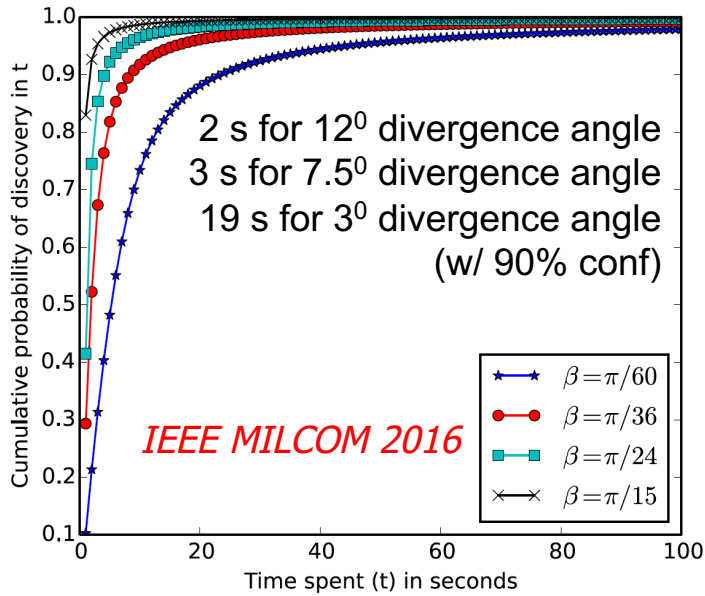


ACM MOBICOM HotWireless 2015

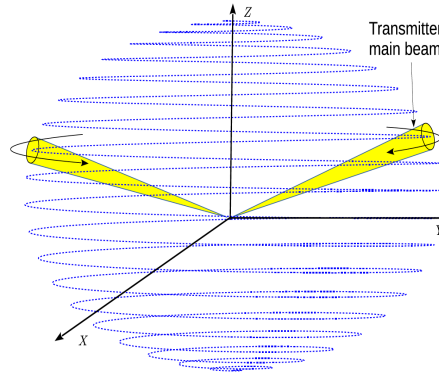
In-Band LOS Discovery



2D: Randomized rotation

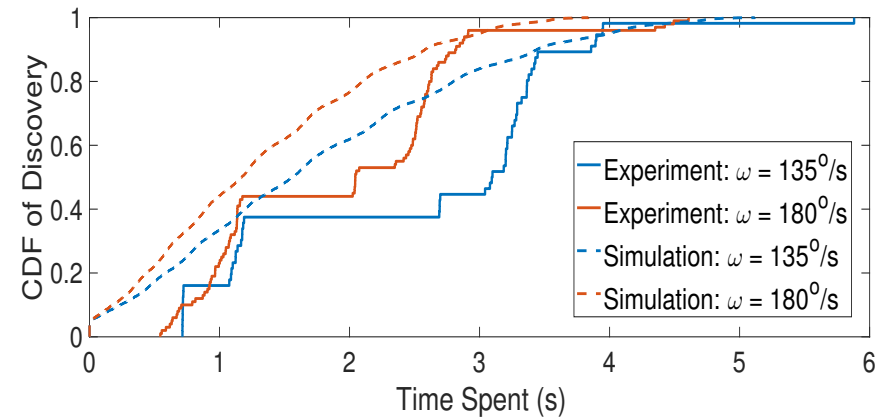
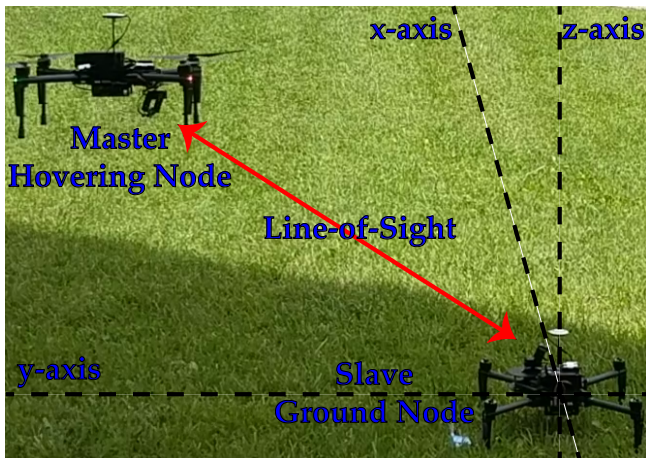


3D: Synch w/ RF at the start, then, rotate over a helix:

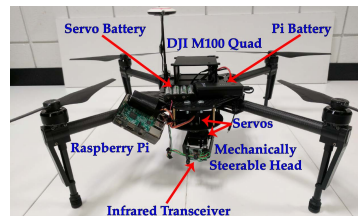


0.2 s for 12° divergence angle
 0.4 s for 7.5° divergence angle
 0.9 s for 5° divergence angle
 2.5 s for 3° divergence angle
 (w/ 90% conf)

IEEE MILCOM 2016



submitted to HotWireless 2017



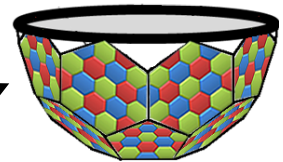
3D: Still evaluating a totally in-band solution.

Future on Multi-Element FSO Modules

■ Challenges

- Miniaturized **packaging and cooling** issues
- Seamless **integration with legacy Wi-Fi**
- **Flexible optoelectronics** conformal to surfaces of mobiles
- Discovery and maintenance of **RF-independent FSO links**

*Revision to IEEE COMMAG
ACM MOBICOM VLCS 2016
ACM MOBICOM VLCS 2015
IEEE VTC 2015*



■ Opportunities

- Integration with solid-state lighting
- Localization w/ AoA detection
- Uses in **RF-challenged settings**, e.g., PackBots in a battlefield, underground/underwater operations
- Utilization of Troposphere for Internet access via a **3D mesh** of UAVs equipped with FSO transceivers
- **Multi-laser modules** for satellite communications, e.g., for CubeSat and Earth-to-Mars networks

*IEEE/OSA JLT 2015
IEEE GLOBECOM OWC 2015
IEEE VTC 2015*